CLAIMS

1. The monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole represented by the general formula (II) here-after:

- 2. A concentrated solution of monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole, wherein the concentration in monohydrated salt is higher than or equal to 50 g/l.
- 3. A concentrated solution according to claim 2, wherein the concentration in monohydrated salt is higher than or equal to 100 g/l.

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- 4. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole according to claim 1, associated to one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients and substrates.
- 5. A composition according to claim 4, wherein it is under the form of unitary doses containing from 10 to 80 mg of active principle.
- 20 6. A composition according to claim 5, wherein the unitary dose is comprised between 15 and 40 mg.
 - 7. The use of the monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole substantially free from the (+) enantiomer or R-tenatoprazole, for the treatment of digestive diseases.
- 8. The use of the monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole for the manufacture of a medicinal product to treat digestive diseases where the inhibition of acid secretion must be effective and prolonged.

- 9. The use of the monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole for the manufacture of a medicinal product to treat digestive diseases, gastro-oesophageal reflux disease and digestive bleeding in polymedicamented patients.
- 10. The use of the monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole for the manufacture of a medicinal product exhibiting improved pharmacokinetic properties.

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- 11. A method of preparation of the monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole, wherein sodium hydroxide is caused to react on S-tenatoprazole at a temperature comprised between 50 and 70° C, and the salt obtained is precipitated after elimination of the solvent.
- 12. A method according to claim 11, wherein the reaction temperature is of about $60\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- 13. A method according to any of claim 11 and 12, wherein the reaction is conducted in a solvent such as water, chloroform, DMSO or a protic solvent, for example methanol or ethanol.
- 14. An enantioselective method of preparation of the 20 monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole, wherein an enantioselective oxidation is conducted on a sulphide of the following general formulation (I)

$$A - CH_2 - S - B \tag{I}$$

where A is a 4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridyl group and B represents a 5-methoxy-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridyl group, using an oxidising agent in the presence of a vanadium based catalyst and a chiral ligand in a specific sulphide solvent and a specific ligand solvent, followed by salification by sodium hydroxide, in order to obtain the monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole.

15. A composition for oral administration of the monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole, wherein it consists of a mixture of a diluent, a disintegrating agent and

the monohydrated sodium salt of S-tenatoprazole, this nucleus being covered with an enteric film.

- 16. A composition according to claim 15, wherein the diluent is a cellulosic diluent.
- 5 17. A composition according to claim 16, wherein the diluent is an excipient for direct compression.
 - 18. A composition according to claim 15, wherein the disintegrating agent is a cellulosic polymer, such as a cellulose carboxymethyl polymer.
- 10 19. A composition according to claim 18, wherein the disintegrating agent is sodium croscarmellose.